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Summaries

Temat: *Issue of nationality in eastern policy Pilsudski movement's: condition – evolution – hiers*

key words: polish eastern policy, prometheism, Joseph Pilsudski, Soviet Union

The main aim of dissertation is research of issue of nationality in eastern policy of Pilsudski movement's. Ph.D. dissertation is attempt of follow of declaration and actions member of Pilsudski movement between the Riga Treaty (18 March 1921) and attacks of Soviet Union attack on Poland, 17 September 1939.

This academic work has chronological arrangement. In this way issue of nationality in eastern policy will be presented in comprehensive and earnestly approach. Concentrate on key issue of selected period will be help in lucid structure. Structure of thesis was constructed to present of condition, evolution and hiers eastern policy of Pilsudski movement.

In the first chapter are located overview theories, which discuss genesis and process of shaping modern nations. In this part of academic work was depict issue of polish eastern policy in historical perspective. Lastly, it was come near divisions and concepts adherer's Joseph Pilsudski.

Chapter two is a present case-study of Belarusian national movement. Subsequently are collaborated ideas of people connected with Joseph Pilsudski on eastern policy, since The May Coup d'Etat in 1926. The next subsection is analysis of federation idea. Many people associate it with Pilsudski movement. Thesis is located before The Riga Treaty and recognise of polish eastern border by Western Powers in 1923.

Third chapter of thesis is concentrated on period between 1924 and 1932. In this part is presented „ukrainization” – implement on Soviet Ukraine idea of korienization *korienizacji*. Further paper discusses of „the gold age” of promethean idea. In this period were established many research institutes and journals. Lastly, it is given attemption of crucial points in midwar polish-ukrainian relation: pacification of Ukrainians in Eastern Galicia (1930) and

experimental politics voivode of Volhynia Henryk Józewski. This issues are presented in context of foreign affairs of Second Republic of Poland.

The fourth chapter embraces of characteristics seven years before Second World War. Author has emphasised on influence on polish eastern policy transformation on international area (*inter alia* expansionary politics German in thirties, accede Soviet Union to League of Nations). In this year promethean idea began to fall. Second Republic of Poland and Soviet Union signed on July 25, 1932 non-aggression pact, which was a part of balance politic. In this times on territory of Soviet Union have took place social and political transformation. In terms of Polish eastern policy detected consideration about collectivization, *Holodomor* and Polish Operation of the NKVD. Lastly, in this chapter found of discussion assault of Red Army on Poland, 17 Septemper 1939.

The last, fifth chapter embraces views of young generation of Pilsudski movement's. To this end, author analyses action of „Bunt Młodych/„Polityka” along with articles made by them about Slavic minority (Ukrainians and Belarussians) and ideas of this group connected with eastern policy. In this part of dissertation is disscussed ULB (Ukraine – Lithuania – Belarussia) concept in context of attitiude of “Cultura” (period) towards Russia. Lastly, in Ph.D. dissertation are characterised selected aspects of eastern policy of Third Republic of Poland.